MODUL EMaS JPNTrg

MODULE 3 BIOLOGY FORM 4

Chapter 6: Nutrition



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CHAPTER 6: NUTRITION

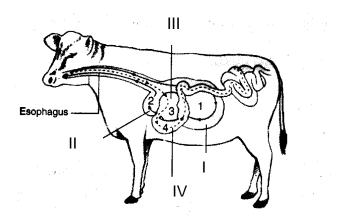
SECTION A: OBJECTIVE QUESTION

	. •	020201112 402011011		
1.	Which	of the following process is autotro	ophic n	utrition?
	A. B. C. D.	parasitism saprophytism holozoic chemosynthesis		
2.	Which	of the following definition is holoz	oic?	
	A. B. C. D.	produce organic molecule from c ingests food and digests it within absorbs nutrients from dead orga absorbs nutrients from another liv	the bo	dy iterial
3.	Which perso	of the following factors affect the	daily e	nergy requirement of a
	l III	Age Occupation	II IV	Blood group Body weight
		I & II only I, II & III only I, II & IV only I, III & IV only		
4.	Based eat mo	d on the food guide pyramid, which	of the	following food we have to
	A. B. C. D.	meat and alternative fruits and vegetable lipids, salt and sugar rice and alternative		
5.	Which	of the following substance can ca	ause os	steoporosis?
	A. B. C. D.	protein mineral water lipid		

- 6.
- Protein deficiency
- The child becomes very thin with a wrinkled skin
- Mental and physical development is impaired

The above statement is referred to

- A. merasmus
- B. vitamin C
- C. scurvy
- D. blind color
- 7. What is the name of semi-fluid that was found in stomach?
 - A. bolus
 - B. chyme
 - C. bile
 - D. saliva
- 8.



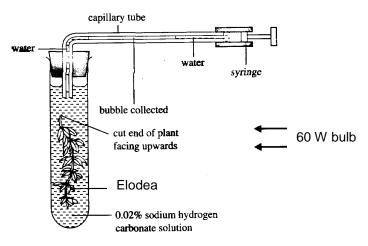
Which part of the stomach contain microorganism that can digest cellulose?

- A. I & II only
- B. I & III only
- C. II &IV only
- D. I, II, III &IV

9.	Which	of the following are adaptation of small intestine in absorption
	I II III IV	long line up by villi epithelial of villus have microvillus contain secretion glands
	A. B. C. D.	I & II only II & III only II & IV only I, II & III only
10.		ss amino acids cannot be stored in the body and broken down in the by a process
	A. B. C. D.	assimilation absorption deamination detoxification
11.	How	can we avoid constipation?
	A. B. C. D.	eat more carbohydrates eat more lipid eat more fibre eat more water
12.	Const	tipation can leads
	A. B. C. D.	small intestine cancer colon cancer gastric ulcer
13.	Gastr	ic ulcer because of
	I II III IV	excess alcohol consumption drink more orange juice do not eat stress

A. B. C. D. I & II only I & IV only I, II & III only I, II & IV only

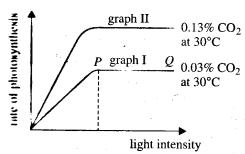
- 14. Patient with anorexia nervosa may seek treatment in the form of
 - A. counseling
 - B. medication
 - C. religion
 - D. health
- 15. The diagram shows an experiment on photosynthesis



Water bath at 30° C

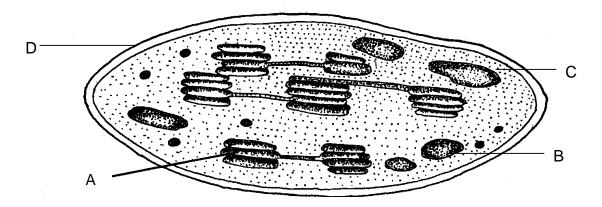
Which of the following will increase the rate at which gas bubbles are released in the experiment?

- A. using a 20 W bulb
- B. using a water bath at 50°C
- C. replacing Elodea with Hydrilla
- D. using sodium hydrogen carbornate solution 1.0 %



- 16. Which factors are limiting factor in the graph?
 - A. light intensity & temperature
 - B. carbon dioxide concentration & temperature
 - C. light intensity
 - D. temperature

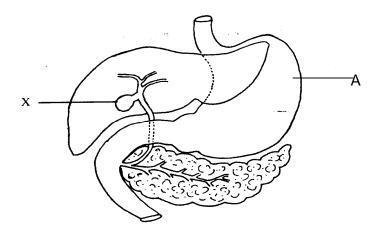
- 17. What is the process that water split into hydrogen ion and hydroxyl ion?
 - A. Hydrolysis
 - B. Lysis
 - C. Photolysis
 - D. Condensation
- 18. Which part of the chloroplast that light reaction takes place?



- 19. Genetic engineering is a technique
 - A. seed are sown directly
 - B. plant culture in solution
 - C. plant suspended in special chamber
 - D. transfer of beneficial genes from one organism to another organism
- 20. Milk is heated to 63°C for 30 minutes or 72°C for 15 second followed by rapid cooling to below 10°C
 - A. fermentation
 - B. canning
 - C. cooking
 - D. pasteurization

SECTION B: STRUCTURE QUESTION

1.



(a)	Named juice that secretes in A	
		[1 mark]
(b)	Give two function of hydrochloric acid in A	
	1	
	2	[2 mark]
(c)	Explain how the food digested in A	
		[4 mark]

	(d)	Explain what happen to the same type of food when enter in sintestine?	small
2.	(a)	List out the factors that effect photosynthesis	mark]
		1	
		2	
		3	
		[3	3 mark]
	(b)	graph II 0.13% CO ₂ at 30°C P graph I Q 0.03% CO ₂ at 30°C light intensity	
		Explain graph I and II	
		[4	l mark]

(c)	(i)	Explain what is mean by limiting factor	
	(ii)	What is the limiting factors in the graph?	[1 mark]
			[1 mark]
(d)		n house is a place where we can control the factor tha synthesis. Explain how those factors can be controlle	
			[3 mark]
ION C:	ESSE	EI QUESTION	

SECTI

- Draw a cross section of a dicotyledonous leaf to show 1. (a) (i) tissues that involved in photosynthesis
 - (ii) Based on a diagrams, explain the adaptation of leaf to increase photosynthesis

[10 mark]

Ali has a blocked bile duct. He takes fried rice with fried egg and (b) 'teh tarik' as his breakfast. Explain how digestive process in his alimentary canal and how his problem affected the digestion of his food.

[10mark]

SECTION D: PAPER 3

1. Experiment carried out to determine effect of light intensity on rate of photosynthesis as shown in figure 3.

Concentration of carbon dioxide is constant by using 1 g of sodium hydrogen carbonates dissolved in water. The apparatus is set up 60cm from light sources. Gas that release can replace volume of water as shown figure 4. Volume of water that was replace in burette is a volume of gas released by photosynthesis.

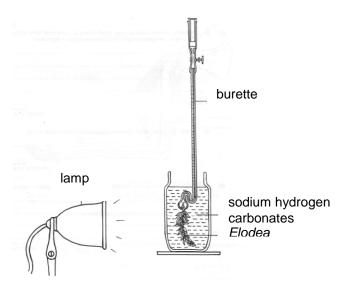


Figure 3

The apparatus is change at different distance 50cm, 40cm, 30cm, 20cm and 10cm as shown in figure 4.

After 5 minutes, bubbles release replace volume of water as shown in table 1.

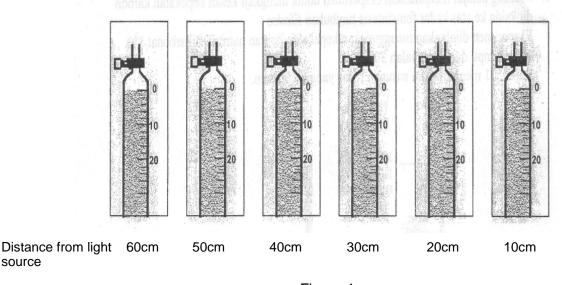
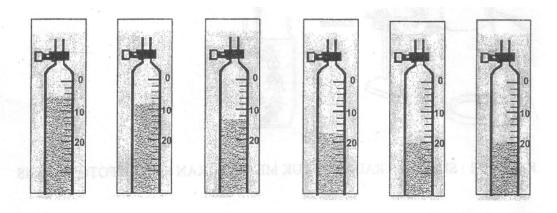


Figure 4



Distance from light source	60cm	50cm	40cm	30cm	20cm	10cm
Volume of oxygen (cm ³)						

Table 1

(a)	Record	d volume of oxygen release in table 1	[3marks]
(b)	(i)	State two observation from table 1	
		1	
		2	
			 [<i>3mark</i> s]
	(ii)	State the inference which corresponds to the observation	in (b) (i).
		1	
		3	
			 [<i>3mark</i> s]

(c)) Com	plete table	2 based	on this	experiment
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Variable	Method to handle the variable
Manipulated variable	
Responding variable	
Controlled variable	

Table 2

3	n	าล	rŀ	(S	l

(d)	State the hypothesis for the experiment									
		[3 <i>mark</i> s]								

- (e) (i) Based on table 1, construct a table and record the result of the experiment which includes the following aspects:
 - Distance from light source
 - Volume of oxygen release
 - Rate of photosynthesis

Rate of photosynthesis = V/t

V= Volume of oxygen cm³ t= time, 5 minutes

[3 marks]

(ii) On the graph provided, draw the graph of rate of photosynthesis against distance of light source [3*mark*s]

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(†)	Based on the graph, state the relationship between light intensity and rate of photosynthesis			
				[3marks
(g)	This experiment was repeated using two grams of sodium hydrogen carbonate which has dissolved in water. The apparatus is set up 30cm from light source. Predict volume of oxygen gas that will produce and explain why?.			
				[3marks
h)	Based on the result of the experiment, what can you deduce about the rate of photosynthesis?			
				[3marks
i)	Another group of students investigate other factors that effect the rate of photosynthesis.			
	water	Number of s	tomata	temperature
	Concentration of chlorophyll		Concentration of carbon dioxide	
	Classify the above fa			or and intrinsic factor
		. ,		[3marks